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1. Particulars as to the Building and Accommodation.
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3. Medical Staff and other Officials.
4. Patients; their Mode of Admission, Treatment, and Cost.
5. Non-attendance of Pupils.
6. Financial Position of the Institution, explained and considered.
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4. *Other Evidence generally—continued.*

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General Hospitals. There should be more than three general hospitals in Dublin, *Sir B. Brodie* 3916.

George's, St., Hospital (London). Statement showing the inadequacy of voluntary subscriptions to support this hospital; inference therefrom; *Corrigan* 3229; *Sir B. Brodie* 3877-3881—Letter from Mr. Hammerton to witness as to the general distribution of the fever patients, and the good results thereof, *Hon. J. W. Percy* 3978.

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Grand Jury Presentments. Objection to the support of hospitals by grand jury presentments, *Stokes* 2821-2823.

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Hardwicke Cells Lunatic Asylum. See *Lunatics.*

Hardwicke Fever Hospital. See *House of Industry Hospitals, I. II.*

Hargrave, Dr. William. (Analysis of his Evidence.)—President of the Royal College of Surgeons in Dublin; is also Professor of Surgery at the College; 3108-3110—Is one of the surgeons to the City of Dublin Hospital, 3111—Yearly average number of medical students in Dublin, 3112—It takes four years to obtain a license, 3113—Average annual expenses of each student, 3114-3116—High position attained by the Dublin medical school, 3117—Causes which have led to the attainments of the school, 3118-3121—Necessity of the hospitals to keep up the clinical instruction, 3122, 3123—Objections to a concentration of the means of clinical study, 3124-3129.

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Hill, Dr. Return prepared by Dr. Hill, the Poor-law medical inspector, containing particulars in detail relative to the several hospitals in Dublin, *App. p.* 325, 326.

HOUSE OF INDUSTRY HOSPITALS:

I. Evidence applicable generally:

1. Constitution and Management; Alterations suggested.
2. Buildings and Accommodation.
3. Medical and other Officials; their Remuneration, mode of Appointment, &c.
4. Pupils; valuable means of Study.
5. Patients; their Treatment and Cost.
6. Financial Statement.

II. *Hardwicke Fever Hospital.*III. *Richmond Surgical Hospital.*IV. *Whitworth Chronic Hospital.*

I. Evidence applicable generally:

1. Constitution and Management; Alterations suggested:

Foundation and constitution of the Dublin House of Industry, and of its hospitals, *Hutton* 1765, 1766; *Corrigan* 3239—Alteration made in the institution through the Poor Law Act, in 1839, *Hutton* 1767-1771—Practice pursued in regard to contracts, *Steward* 2062-2064—Control of the Poor Law Commissioners over the salaries and the accounts, *ib.* 2070, 2071—Audit of the accounts in London after being examined by the Poor Law Commissioners in Dublin, *ib.* 2104-2107—Mode of management before it came under the control of the Poor-law authorities, *ib.* 2110, 2111—Mode of government under the Poor Law Commissioners, *Corrigan* 3240, 3241; *Hamilton* 3851-3853—Suggested alteration therein, *Corrigan* 3242, 3243; *Power* 3391-3396—Importance of a separation of the lunatic department from the institution at large, *Power* 3392-3396.

General working of the hospitals adverted to, and approved of by the Committee, *Rep. p. v, vi*—The hospital establishment should be separated entirely from the other branches of the institution, *ib.*—Recommendation that it be removed from under the control of the Poor Law, and be managed by unpaid governors, *ib.*

2. Buildings and Accommodation:

The three hospitals of the institution are all under the same building, *Steward* 2013—Different buildings comprised in the institution, *Corrigan* 3239—Suitable locality of the hospitals, *ib.* 3244, 3245—Importance of the museum which is attached to the building, *Hutton* 1801, 1802, 1867-1870; *Corrigan* 3253, 3256, 3262—It now belongs to the Richmond Hospital surgeons, who always purchase it from their predecessors, and make constant additions to it, *Corrigan* 3253-3259—Sums expended on the Museum, *App. p.* 354—Particulars as to the lecture-room or operation theatre, *Hutton* 1803-1807; *Corrigan* 3260-3262.

Number of wards and beds in each hospital, *Hutton* 1777, 1778, 1835, 1845—Importance of sufficient accommodation to take in incurable cases, *ib.* 1913, 1914—Circumstance of patients being rejected at the Hardwicke and Richmond Hospitals for want of room, *Steward* 2119-2121, 2131, 2132.

3. Medical and other Officials; their Remuneration, mode of Appointment, &c.:

Witness is senior surgeon of the three hospitals, *Hutton* 1761-1764—Particulars as to the surgeons and physicians; explanation of the circumstance of the latter only being now salaried, *Hutton* 1780-1786, 1796-1800, 1904-1908; *Steward* 2079-2081, 2088-2093; *Corrigan* 3250, 3329—Inexpediency of remunerating the medical officers solely by salary, instead of by the pupils' fees, *Hutton* 1894-1897—Mode of appointment of the medical officers; the same objected to; *ib.* 1898-1903—Duties of the apothecary, *Steward* 2083-2087—Witness is the senior physician, *Corrigan* 3225-3228—Duties and salaries of the physicians, *ib.* 3250.

Witness is governor of the House of Industry, *Steward* 1932—He was appointed by the Lord Lieutenant in 1847, *ib.* 1933-1935—Duties of witness, *ib.* 1936-1938—His salary is 360 *l.* a year, without a residence, *ib.* 1939, 1940—He does not practise independently of his governorship, *ib.* 1998—Reduction of the governor's salary from 500 *l.* to 300 *l.* a year, with a residence, *ib.* 2059, 2060.

There is a Protestant and Roman-catholic chaplain, *Hutton* 1875, 1876—There are altogether 717 persons in the hospitals and on the establishment, *Steward* 2017—Duties of the steward, *ib.* 2061—Duties of the chief clerk, *ib.* 2065-2067—Appointment of the officers of the establishment by the Government, *ib.* 2068, 2069, 2075, 2082, 2111—Attendance and salaries of the chaplains adverted to, *ib.* 2073-2077—System in regard to pensions and superannuations, *ib.* 2094-2101—Appointment at present of the minor servants by witness, *ib.* 2112, 2113.

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4. Pupils;

Report, 1854—continued.

HOUSE OF INDUSTRY HOSPITALS—continued.

I. Evidence applicable generally—continued.

4. Pupils; valuable means of Study:

Evidence in detail relative to the pupils; their attendance, fees, certificates, &c., *Owens* 1787-1795. 1801-1813. 1867-1870. 1923-1930; *Corrigan* 3262-3268. 3282, 3283—Division of the pupils' fees among the medical officers; annual amount; *Hutton* 1791-1793. 1865, 1866—Particulars as to the two resident pupils at the Richmond and Whitworth Hospitals, *ib.* 1886-1893. 1915, 1916—The receipts from the pupils go into the common fund, *Corrigan* 3251—There are from 120 to 130 pupils yearly, *ib.* 3263—Practice in regard to resident pupils, *ib.* 3264-3266.

Peculiar advantages of the Houses of Industry as a school of medicine, *Corrigan* 3253. *Rep. p. v, vi*—The hospitals of the Houses of Industry are the best suited in Dublin for purposes of instruction, *Guthrie* 3780-3782.

5. Patients; their Treatment and Cost:

Different diseases treated in each of the three hospitals, *Hutton* 1774, 1775. 1871-1874. 1911, 1912—Class of patients admitted, *ib.* 1776—Average number of patients admitted yearly to each hospital, *ib.* 1909—Average number in the hospitals at any one time, *ib.* 1910—Annual expense of each bed, *ib.* 1779—The diet costs about two-fifths of the whole charge of the institution, *Power* 3367.

6. Financial Statement:

Means by which the hospitals are now supported, *Hutton* 1768. 1772, 1773—They could never be supported by voluntary subscriptions, *ib.* 1849-1862—The expenses of each hospital are separately estimated for, *ib.* 1921, 1922.

Item paid by the House of Industry for the support of Government paupers in the North and South Dublin Unions; the same explained, *Steward* 1941-1943—Item charged for lunatics in the Parliamentary Estimate; the same explained, *ib.* 1944-1964—Payment, by Parliamentary grant, exclusively of diet, for patients in the Whitworth and Richmond Hospitals, *ib.* 1999-2002—Item estimated for the charge of servants; this applies to the three hospitals, *ib.* 2006-2017—Explanation of the items on account of rent and taxes, and of repairs, *ib.* 2018-2042—Course pursued in giving credit for any amount estimated for, and not entirely expended, *ib.* 2031-2035—Government repaid in 1852 the reduction made in 1851, so that there has been only one reduction of 10 per cent., *ib.* 2128-2130—Circumstance of the House of Industry having been largely supported by grants previously to 1841, up to which period it was a poor-house, *Staunton* 3702-3705.

Letter from Mr. B. Mullen, to Dr. H. H. Stewart, dated 13 May 1854, containing particulars relative to expenditure, *App. p. 323*.

The institution at large is supported almost solely by Parliament at an annual expense of 11,859 *l.* *Rep. p. v.*

II. Hardwicke Fever Hospital:

Foundation of this hospital in 1803, in connexion with the House of Industry, *T. Brady* 1462; *Hutton* 1765—Inability of the Hardwicke Fever Hospital to receive union patients, the establishment being reduced through the reduction of the grant, *R. Cusack* 912; *D. F. Brady* 1065—The Hardwicke Hospital has from time to time been paid so much a week for taking fever patients from the North Dublin Union; it is now unable to take them through the reduction of the grant, *Kirkpatrick*, 976. 991. 995-997. 1007-1012. 1018-1022—It is supported mainly by Parliamentary grant, *Hutton* 1768. 1772—Character of the diseases treated, *ib.* 1775—Number of beds, and average annual expense of each, *ib.* 1777-1779—Particulars relative to the physicians and pupils, &c., *ib.* 1780 *et seq.*

Item charged in the Parliamentary Estimate for 120 patients in the Hardwicke Fever Hospital; explanation as to some of these patients being sent from and paid for by the North Dublin Union, though credit is not given for the same in the estimate; *Steward* 1972-1985—Circumstance of fever paupers sent to the hospital having been always paid for by Parliamentary grant till 1853, when they were charged to the unions, *ib.* 1986-1997—Explanation as to the rent paid for the building, *ib.* 2018-2020—Reason for the poor people preferring the Hardwicke Hospital to that in Cork-street, *ib.* 2122. 2123—Reduction of one ward in the Hardwicke Hospital, through the reduction of the grant in 1850, *ib.* 2124-2127—System in regard to admission of patients, *ib.* 2132. 2133—Opportunities of pupils to study fever, *Corrigan* 3310, 3311—Adequacy of the accommodation in the hospital for fever cases, *Power* 3460, 3461.

Return of the income and expenditure, number of patients and of pupils, for the years 1851, 1852, and 1853, respectively, with explanations thereon, *App. p. 353*.

III. Richmond Surgical Hospital:

Foundation of this hospital in 1811, in connexion with the House of Industry, *Hutton* 1765—Objection to receiving venereal female patients into the hospital; letter from Dr. Hamilton to witness on the subject; *Byrne* 47, 48. 59—Study of fever by the pupils, *Porter* 1176—The hospital is supported mainly by Parliamentary grants, *Hutton* 1768.

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Report, 1854—continued.

HOUSE OF INDUSTRY HOSPITALS—continued.

III. Richmond Surgical Hospital—continued.

1772—Surgical cases only are received, *ib.* 1775—Number of beds, and average annual expense of each, *ib.* 1777. 1779—Particulars as to the medical officers, their remuneration, duties, appointment, &c., *ib.* 1780 *et seq.*—Reduction of the beds to 110, which are generally full, patients being frequently refused admission, *ib.* 1837-1848—Slightness of this reduction, though the grant has been reduced from 2,500 *l.* in 1848 to 1,800 *l.* in 1853, *ib.* 1918-1920.

As a rule, female venereal cases are not admitted; male cases are admitted; *Hutton* 1871, 1872—Circumstance of difficult surgical cases being often sent from the country, *ib.* 1876-1879—Practice in regard to admission generally, *ib.* 1880-1882—Mode of appointment of the several officers of the hospital, *ib.* 1883-1885—Explanation as to the rent of the building, *Steward* 2018. 2039, 2040—Inexpediency of a separate kitchen for this hospital, *ib.* 2114-2117—Cause of such slight reduction in the accommodation when the grant was reduced, *ib.* 2127.

Return of the number of pupils, amount of fees, general expenses, and amount received by surgeons, in each of the years from 1844 to 1853 inclusive, *App. p. 354*.

IV. Whitworth Chronic Hospital:

Foundation of this hospital in 1817 in connexion with the House of Industry, *Hutton* 1765—It is supported mainly by Parliamentary grant, *ib.* 1768. 1772—Character of the cases admitted, *ib.* 1775, 1776—Number of beds, and average annual expense of each, *ib.* 1777. 1779—Average stay of each patient, *ib.* 1834—Sufficient room for applicants, *ib.* 1836—Particulars as to the physicians and pupils, &c., *ib.* 1780 *et seq.*

Rent of the building adverted to, *Steward* 2018—Effect of the reduction of the grant to the hospitals in reducing the admissions, *Corrigan* 3237—Virtual closing of the Whitworth Fever Hospital through the reduction of the grant, *Barlow* 3555—Return of the income and expenditure, number of patients, &c., for each of the years 1851-53, with explanations thereon, *App. p. 356*—Closing of the hospital in 1849, though opened almost immediately again by Lord Clarendon, *Rep. p. vi*.

See also *Alley, Mr. Bedford Asylum. Carmichael, the late Dr. Lunatics. Police. Talbot Dispensary. Trusses.*

Hutton, Dr. Edward. (Analysis of his Evidence.)—Senior surgeon of the three hospitals in connexion with the Dublin House of Industry, 1761-1764—Constitution and foundation of the House of Industry and of its hospitals, 1765-1766—Alteration made in the institution through the Poor Law Act in 1839; 1767-1771—Means by which the hospitals are now supported, 1768. 1772, 1773—Different diseases treated in each of the three hospitals, 1774, 1775. 1871-1874. 1911, 1912—Class of patients admitted, 1776—Number of wards and beds in each hospital, 1777, 1778. 1835. 1845—Annual expense of each bed, 1779.

Particulars as to the surgeons and physicians; their appointment, remuneration, &c.; 1780-1786. 1796-1800. 1894-1908—Evidence as to the pupils attending the hospitals; fees paid by them, and course of study pursued; 1787-1795. 1801-1813. 1867-1870. 1923-1930—Division of the pupils' fees among the medical officers; annual amount; 1791-1793. 1865, 1866—Particulars as to the museum attached to the House of Industry, 1801. 1802—1867-1870—Also as to the lecture-room, or operation theatre, 1803-1807—Explanation as to the supply of trusses at Richmond Hospital to ruptured poor persons, the expense being borne by Government, 1814-1822. 1830-1833.

Constitution and working of the Talbot Dispensary, which is entirely supported by Government grant, 1823-1829. 1832, 1833—Average stay of each patient in the Whitworth Chronic Hospital, 1834—Sufficient room in this hospital for applicants, 1836—Reduction of the beds in the Richmond Hospital to 110, which are generally full, patients being frequently refused admission, 1837-1848—If the Government grants to the Dublin Hospitals be taken away, those institutions must be closed altogether, 1849-1850—Inefficiency of voluntary contributions to support the hospitals; poverty of Dublin referred to on this point; 1849-1862—Average annual amount subscribed, 1851, 1852.

Reference to the chaplains attached to the House of Industry, 1875, 1876—Circumstance of difficult surgical cases being often sent from the country to the Richmond Hospital, 1876-1879—Practice in regard to admissions generally, 1880-1882—Mode of appointment of the several officers of the hospital, 1883-1885—Particulars as to the two resident pupils at the Richmond and Whitworth Hospitals, 1886-1893. 1915, 1916.

Average number of patients admitted yearly to each hospital, 1909—Average number in the hospitals at any one time, 1910—Importance of sufficient accommodation to take in incurable cases, 1913, 1914—Slight reduction in the number of beds in the Richmond Hospital, though the grant has been reduced from 2,500 *l.* in 1848, to 1,800 *l.* in 1853; 1918-1920—The expenses of each hospital are separately estimated for, 1921, 1922—Explanation as to the *post-mortem* examinations at Richmond Hospital, 1925-1925—Use of a microscope supplied by the surgeons, 1926-1928—Importance of this instrument in surgical science, 1928, 1929.

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Income

Report, 1854—continued.

I.

Income of the Hospitals. Different sources of income of the several hospitals, and amount derivable from each source referred to as showing that the income is chiefly of a precarious character, *Power* 3359, 3360.

Particulars of the sources of income of the various hospitals for the year ended 31 March 1853, *App. p.* 325, 326—Return of the amount of income for the same year, *ib.*—Statement showing the income for each of the last five years of each hospital in receipt of the grant, *ib.* 327.

Income Tax. Reference to the income tax as being indirectly an argument in favour of a continuance of the grants, *Barlow* 3547.

Incurable Patients. It is very desirable to have hospitals for incurable patients throughout Ireland, that in Dublin being the only one at present, *Bessonnet* 2188, 2189, 2210—Greater economy in enlarging the Dublin Hospital than of forming other hospitals in Ireland, *La Touche* 2295, 2296—Importance of a hospital for incurables in London, *ib.* 2317, 2318.—See also *Incurables Hospital.*

INCURABLES' HOSPITAL:

1. Foundation, Government, &c.
2. Accommodation available.
3. Patients; their Mode of Admission, and Treatment.
4. Financial Statement.

1. Foundation, Government, &c.

Witness is a governor of the Hospital for Incurables, *Bessonnet* 2135—Establishment of this hospital above a century ago, *Bessonnet* 2136, 2137; *La Touche* 2320—It is the only hospital of the kind in the world, *La Touche* 2320—Its mode of government, *Bessonnet* 2138-2140—Particulars as to the governors; their election, meetings, &c.; *ib.* 2141-2144, 2180-2183—Economy with which the institution is conducted, *ib.* 2172-2174—The governors and chaplains receive nothing, *ib.* 2172-2174—The medical officers receive only fifteen guineas a year each for carriage hire, *ib.* 2173—Objection of one of the governors to *post-mortem* examinations adverted to, *Hargrave* 3132—Non-admission of pupils adverted to, *Power* 3500-3504—List of the governors, *App. p.* 291—General review of the foundation and conduct of this hospital, *Rep. p.* viii.

2. Accommodation available:

Number of beds available; they are never full, for want of funds; *Bessonnet* 2149, 2150—There were nine applicants for the last vacancy, *ib.* 2159—Reduction of the number of inmates since the reduction of the grant; also of the establishment generally; *Bessonnet* 2166-2170; *La Touche*, 2253—If the original grant were restored, ninety, instead of seventy-two beds could be kept open, *Bessonnet* 2171, 2187—Impossibility of increasing the number of inmates on the income hitherto enjoyed, *ib.* 2185—There are nine wards capable of containing altogether ninety-nine beds, *App. p.* 291—Total amount of accommodation, *ib.* 348.

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2. Medical and other Officials; their Mode of Appointment, &c.
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1. High Attainments of the Dublin School:

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2. Other Inmates; their Number, Treatment, &c.

1. Venereal Patients:

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STEELE'S

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STEEVENS'S HOSPITAL:

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3. *Venerae Patients.*
4. *Patients generally; their Number, Treatment, &c.*
5. *Medical and other Officials; their Mode of Appointment and Remuneration.*
6. *Course of Study pursued; its Value.*
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1. *Its Foundation and original Conduct:*

"A short History of the Hospital founded by Dr. Richard Steevens, near the City of Dublin, from its Establishment in the Year 1717 to the present Time, 1785: by Samuel Croker King." *App. p. 275 et seq.*—Account in this history of the duties of the officers and servants, *ib. 280-282*—Also of the patients, *ib. 282*.

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2. Propagation among Soldiers considered.
3. Suggestions for its Treatment and Study.

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W.

WESTMORELAND LOCK HOSPITAL:

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2. *Great Importance of the Institution.*
3. *Particulars as to the Management and Officials.*
4. *Class of Patients, their Number, Treatment and Cost.*
5. *Suggestions for the Attendance of Students.*
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